

# Drug Discovery and Development

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## DRUG DESIGN

Drug discovery and development may be a knowledge-intensive process that suggests the generation, management, and analysis of giant amounts of knowledge from the initial target discovery research to the post-marketing pharmacovigilance studies, including central operations like virtual screening and toxicological assessment.

#### Discovery

Drug development is that the process of bringing a completely unique drug from "bench to bedside". It's how new medications are discovered. Historically, drugs were mostly found by identifying active ingredients from traditional medicines or purely accidentally. Afterward, classical pharmacology was wont to investigate chemical libraries including small molecules, natural products, or plant extracts, and find those with therapeutic effects. Since human DNA was sequenced, reverse pharmacology has found remedies to existing diseases through testing. Disease processes, molecular compound tests, existing treatments with unanticipated effects, and new technologies spur drug discovery through the cycle below.

Today drug discovery involves screening hits, medicinal chemistry, and optimization of hits to scale back potential drug side effects (increasing affinity and selectivity). Efficacy or potency, metabolic stability (half-life), and oral bioavailability also are improved during this step of the drug development process.

Typically, researchers discover new drugs through:

New insights into a disease process that allow researchers to style a product to prevent or reverse the consequences of the disease.

Many tests of molecular compounds to seek out possible beneficial effects against any of an outsized number of diseases.

Existing treatments that have unanticipated effects.

New technologies, like people who provide new ways to focus on medical products to specific sites within the body or to control genetic material. At this stage within the process, thousands of compounds could also be potential candidates for development as a medical treatment. After early testing, however, only a few numbers of compounds looks promising and involve further study.

#### Development

Drug development comprises all the activities involved in transforming a compound from drug candidate (the end-product of the invention phase) to a product approved for marketing by the acceptable regulatory authorities. Efficiency in drug development is critical for commercial success, for two main reasons:

Development accounts for about two-thirds of the entire Research and Development costs. The value per project is extremely much greater within the development phase, and increases sharply because the project moves into the later phases of clinical development. Keeping these costs in check may be a major concern for management. Failure of a compound late in development represents tons of cash wasted.

Speed in development is a crucial think about determining sales revenue, as time spent in development detracts from the amount of patent protection once the drug goes to plug. As soon because the patent expires, generic competition sharply reduces sales revenue.

Once researchers identify a promising compound for development, they conduct experiments to collect information on:

How it's absorbed, distributed, metabolized, and excreted.

Its potential benefits and mechanisms of action.

The simplest dosage.

The simplest administration of drug (such as orally or injection).

Side effects or adverse events which will often be mentioned as toxicity.

How it affects different groups of individuals (such as by gender, race, or ethnicity) differently.

How it interacts with other drugs and coverings.

Its effectiveness as compared with similar drugs.

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