

The protective effect of piperine against isoproterenol induced inflammation in experimental models of myocardial toxicity

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Abstract

Myocardial infarction (MI) eventually exacerbates inflammatory response due to the release of inflammatory and pro-inflammatory factors. The aim of this study is to explore the protective efficacy of piperine supplementation against the inflammatory response in isoproterenol (ISO)-induced MI. Masson Trichome staining was executed to determine myocardial tissue architecture. Immunohis-tochemistry was performed for IL-6, TNF-I. RT-PCR studies were performed to ascertain the gene expression of IL-6, TNF-I, iNOS, eNOS, MMP-2, MMP-9, and collagen-III. Western blotting was performed to determine expression of HIF-1II, VEGF, NrF-2, NF-IB, Cox-2, p-38, phospho-p38, ERK-1/2, phospho-ERK-1/2, and collagen-I. HIF-1II, VEGF, and iNOS expression were significantly up-regulated with concomitant decline in eNOS expression in the heart myocardial tissue of rats received ISO alone whereas piperine pretreatment prevented these changes in ISO administered rats. Current results revealed ROS-mediated activation of MAPKs, namely, p-p38, p-ERK1/2 in the heart tissue of ISO administered group. Piperine pretreatment significantly prevented these changes in ISO administered group. NF-IB is involved in the modulation of gene expressions responsible for tissue repair. ISO-induced NF-IB-p65 expression was significantly reduced in the group pretreated with piperine and mitigated extent of myocardial inflammation. A significant increase in cardiac fibrosis upon ISO treatment was reported due to the increased hydroxyproline content, MMP-2 & 9 and upregulation of collagen-I protein compared to control group. All these cardiac hypertrophy markers were decreased in 'piperine pretreated ISO administered ISO administered group' compared to group received ISO injection. Current findings concluded that piperine as a nutritional intervention could prevent inflammation of myocardium in ISO-induced MI.

Biography

Vijaya Padma Viswanadha was head of department for biotechnology, bharathiar university (january,2014 to till now). She HOD i/c for department of biochemistry, bharathiaruniversity (april, 2015-dec, 2015). She has over 100 publications that have been cited over 500 times, and has been serving as an editorial board member of reputed journals.



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