



Forensic Molecular Pathology: Bridging the Gap between Medicine and Justice

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DESCRIPTION

Forensic molecular pathology is an interdisciplinary field that combines the principles of molecular biology, pathology, and forensic science to investigate and analyze evidence in legal cases. It plays a crucial role in understanding the molecular basis of diseases, identifying genetic variations, and determining causes of death. This article aims to provide an overview of forensic molecular pathology.

Applications, and significance

Understanding forensic molecular pathology: Forensic molecular pathology involves the application of molecular techniques to analyze biological samples collected from crime scenes, victims, and suspects. These techniques help in the identification and characterization of genetic markers, DNA sequencing, and the examination of gene expression patterns. By integrating this knowledge with traditional pathology and forensic methods, forensic molecular pathologists can provide valuable insights into criminal investigations, medical malpractice cases, and missing people investigations.

Applications in criminal investigations: Forensic molecular pathology plays a critical role in criminal investigations by providing molecular evidence that can link suspects to crime scenes. DNA profiling is a widely used technique in forensic molecular pathology, enabling the identification of individuals through the analysis of their unique genetic markers. It has revolutionized criminal justice by aiding in the conviction of guilty individuals and the exoneration of innocent ones.

Moreover, the analysis of gene expression patterns can provide important information about the timing and mechanisms of injuries, helping to reconstruct events surrounding a crime. The identification of specific genes or proteins associated with particular diseases, such as cancers, can also aid in determining the cause of death and the establishment of motive in homicide cases.

Medical malpractice and wrongful death: In cases involving medical malpractice or wrongful death, forensic molecular pathology can provide valuable insights into the causes of adverse outcomes. By examining genetic mutations or variations, forensic pathologists can determine whether a patient's condition was due to a pre-existing genetic predisposition or whether it was a result of medical negligence. These investigations can aid in identifying responsible parties and providing justice to victims and their families.

Identification of missing persons: Forensic molecular pathology techniques, such as DNA profiling and analysis, are essential in the identification of missing persons. By comparing DNA profiles from unidentified remains to those of potential family members, forensic pathologists can establish familial relationships and ultimately identify the deceased individual. This process brings closure to families and facilitates the investigation of crimes associated with missing persons.

Challenges and future directions: Despite its numerous benefits, forensic molecular pathology faces several challenges. The analysis of complex genetic data requires specialized training and expertise, and the interpretation of molecular findings within a legal context can be complex. Additionally, the constantly evolving field of molecular biology necessitates ongoing education and training to keep pace with technological advancements.

The field of forensic molecular pathology holds immense potential for further advancements. Emerging technologies, such as next-generation sequencing and high-throughput screening methods, will enhance the ability to detect and analyze molecular markers efficiently. Additionally, the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning algorithms may aid in the interpretation of complex molecular data, leading to more accurate and reliable forensic analyses.

Forensic molecular pathology plays a vital role in the intersection of medicine and justice. By combining molecular techniques with traditional forensic and pathological methods, it provides valuable insights into criminal investigations, medical malpractice cases, and the identification of missing persons. As technology advances and the understanding of molecular biology deepens, forensic molecular pathology will continue to evolve, contributing to more effective and just legal systems worldwide.

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