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CASE, MEN 2

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A 32 years of patient c/o neck swelling ultrasound found the bilateral thyroid nodules, TFT was normal. FNA. Medullary thyroid ca, calcitonin was high, patient underwent bilateral thyroidectomy with neck dissection. 1 year later with investigations and CT, found to have bilateral adrenal masses, 24h catecholamines, high, confirmed pheochromocytoma then preparation for surgery, and bilateral adrenalectomy done, gene mutation R/O MEN 2 requested.

Conclusion:

Multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2 (MEN 2) is a hereditary condition associated with 3 primary types of tumors: medullary thyroid, parathyroid tumors, and pheochromocytoma. MEN 2 is classified into subtypes based on clinical features. MEN 2A, which affects 95% of MEN2 families. There are 4 variants

1. Classical MEN2A
2. Medullary thyroid cancer: 98% to 100% with MEN2A are affected
3. Pheochromocytoma, a typically benign (noncancerous) tumor of the adrenal glands: 50% with MEN2A affected
4. Parathyroid adenoma (a benign

Biography

Dr. Hazem Radi Rayyan is the member of the American Association of Cancer and Diabetes and the member of the Association of Jordan and Saudi Arabia for Diabetes. He has the total 20 years of experience. He is currently working as a consultant endocrinologist at King Salman Armed Forces Hospital, Saudi Arabia.

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