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Anti-inflammatory isochromans from an endophytic fungus *Annulohypoxylon truncatum* of *Zizania* caduciflora

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S ix new isochroman derivatives (annulohypoxylomans A–C, 1–3; annulohypoxylomanols A and B, 6 and 7; and S annulohypoxyloside, 8), an isocoumarin (annulohypoxylomarin A, 4), and an azaphilone derivative (xylariphilone, 5) were isolated from an ethyl acetate extract derived from cultures of the endophytic fungus JS540 found in the leaves of *Zizania caduciflora*. The JS540 strain was identified as *Annulohypoxylon truncatum*. The structures of the isolated compounds were elucidated by one- and two-dimensional nuclear magnetic resonance and mass spectrometry, and by comparison with related compounds from the literature. The anti-inflammatory activities of the isolated compounds were evaluated in Lipo Polysaccharide (LPS)-stimulated bone marrow-derived dendritic cells. Xylariphilone (5) exhibited significant inhibitory effects on LPS-induced interleukin (IL)-6, IL-12 p40, and Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF)- α production with IC50 values of 5.3, 19.4, and 37.6 μ M, respectively.

Biography

Sang Hee Shim has her expertise in Natural Products Chemistry. She has done her studies on bioactive secondary metabolites from medicinal plants and their associated micro-biomes including endophytes. She investigated a lot of bioactive secondary metabolites from halophyte-derived microbial cultures and is trying to elucidate interactions between plants and their endophytes.

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