

## Nutrient changes with the growth of Hydroponics Fodder Maize

P. K. Naik<sup>1</sup>, R. B. Dhuri, B. K. Swain and N. P. Singh

ICAR Research Complex for Goa, India

A study was conducted to evaluate the nutrient changes during growth of hydroponics fodder maize. The crude protein had an increasing trend and remained highest on 7<sup>th</sup> day of growth (13.57%), which was higher ( $P < 0.05$ ) than the conventional green fodder maize (10.67%). The ether extract content of hydroponics fodder maize on 7<sup>th</sup> day (3.49%) was highest ( $P < 0.05$ ). The crude fiber content of the maize seed was 2.50% and increased ( $P < 0.05$ ) up to 14.07% on 7<sup>th</sup> day of growth in hydroponics system but was lower ( $P < 0.05$ ) than the fodder maize grown under conventional practices (25.92%). The nitrogen free extract content of the maize seed decreased to its maximum level (66.72%) at 7<sup>th</sup> day of growth in hydroponics system and was higher ( $P < 0.05$ ) to maize fodder grown under conventional practices (51.78%). The total ash and acid insoluble ash contents of the hydroponics fodder maize were lower ( $P < 0.05$ ) than the total ash (9.36%) and acid insoluble ash (1.40%) contents of the conventional fodder maize. It can be concluded that the hydroponics fodder maize was more nutritious than the conventional fodder maize.

[pknaikicar@gmail.com](mailto:pknaikicar@gmail.com)