

Air quality in localized air-conditioned spaces utilizing upper-room UVG

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The aim of this work is to check the performance of an upper room ultraviolet germicidal irradiation (*UVGI*) system operated with a localized ceiling-mounted air-conditioning system. Renewed interest emerged in upper-room *UVGI* due to ability to kill microorganisms while reducing the energy consumption associated with ventilation. The conditioned space is modeled using detailed computational fluid dynamics (*CFD*) software while incorporating *UV* intensity distribution to predict the *UV* dose and bacteria concentration in the supply and return stream. The *CFD* simulation of the space calculates the concentration distribution of the microorganism and incorporates their inactivation in presence of an ultraviolet (*UV*) field. The *UV* field is calculated using a published predictive model and compared to measurements performed using actinometry. The effectiveness of the *UVGI* system is then studied for two microorganisms: *Bacillus subtilis* and *Escherichia coli* and evaluated by the decrease, due to the *UV* field, in the microorganism concentration of the room return air. Moreover, *CFD* simulations are performed to determine an equivalent ventilation rate of the used air distribution system that will produce the same air quality in the room without use of *UVGI*. It was found that the killing rates of up to 71 % for *B. subtilis* and up to 92 % for *E. coli* were achieved with the use of the *UVGI*.

Biography

Mohamad Kanaan is a Ph.D. student at the American University of Beirut at the Department of Mechanical Engineering.

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