

23rd International Conference on

Dentistry and Dental Materials

July 19-20, 2018 | Rome, Italy

The use of pink composite in periodontal splinting: Pink-splinting

Eynar Berdeli¹ and Kübra Aral²¹Izmir Katip Celebi University, Turkey²Malatya Oral and Dental Health Hospital, The Turkish Ministry of Health, Turkey

Splinting is a common treatment approach in dental practice to obtain stability and eliminate mobility. It has also been shown that splinting can decrease pain and discomfort during biting and chewing. In addition, splinting of the mobile tooth is recommended before regenerative periodontal treatment to obtain maximum benefits from the treatment. It was our experience that SRP instrumentation was made easier by the splinting due to the prevention of tooth mobility. As another benefit, the patient was no longer complaining about chewing or biting after splinting. With the aid of pink-splinting clinicians will enhance the esthetic results after periodontal treatment in patients with periodontal disease. In addition, they will also manage the papilla loss and its effects in patients. This technique may be life-saving in patients with aggressive periodontitis.

Recent Publications:

1. Aral K et al. (2017) Effects of bodybuilding and protein supplements in saliva, gingival crevicular fluid and serum. *Journal of Oral Science*. 59(1):121-130. Doi:10.2334/josnusd.16-0367.
2. Aral C A et al. (2017) Metabolic control and periodontal treatment decreases elevated oxidative stress in the early phases of type 1 diabetes onset. *Archives of Oral Biology*. 82:115-120.
3. Aral K et al. (2015) Therapeutic effects of systemic vitamin k2 and vitamin d3 on gingival inflammation and alveolar bone in rats with experimentally induced periodontitis. *Journal of Periodontology*. 86(5):666-673.
4. Aral C A et al. (2017) Effects of colchicine on gingival inflammation, apoptosis, and alveolar bone loss in experimental periodontitis. *Journal of Periodontology*. 89(5):577-585. Doi:10.1002/JPER.17-0359.
5. Alkan B A et al. (2015) Quantification of circumferential bone level and extraction socket dimensions using different imaging and estimation methods: a comparative study. *Oral Radiology*. 32(3):145-153. Doi:10.1007/s11282-015-0225-5.

Biography

Eynar Berdeli has completed his DDS from Ege University in 2016. He is a PhD student in the Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, Faculty of Dentistry, Izmir Katip Celebi University in Turkey since 2017. He has also been an Observer in Forsyth Institute, Harvard University; and School of Dentistry, University of Louisville in 2015. His research interest includes: esthetics, oral biology, guided bone regeneration, aggressive periodontitis.

eynarberdeli@gmail.com

Notes: