

7th Euro-Global Summit on

Toxicology & Applied Pharmacology

October 24-26, 2016 Rome, Italy

Enantiospecific effects of sibutramine enantiomers on cytochrome P450 inhibition *in vitro*

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Objective: The aim of this study was to investigate the enantioselective differences of sibutramine enantiomers in the inhibition of human CYP enzymes *in vitro*

Methods: Using a cocktail assay, the effects of sibutramine enantiomers (R/S- form) and 4-(4-chlorobenzyl) pyridine (CBP) on the 9 CYP isoform specific marker reactions were screened in human liver microsomes. According to USFDA guidelines, phenacetin (50 μ M), coumarin (5 μ M), bupropion (50 μ M), rosiglitazone (1 μ M), tolbutamide (100 μ M), omeprazole (20 μ M), dextrophan (5 μ M), chlorzoxazone (50 μ M) and midazolam (5 μ M) were chosen as substrates of CYP1A2, CYP2A6, CYP2B6, CYP2C8, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, CYP2E1 and CYP3A, respectively. Cocktails, test compounds and NADPH re-generating system were incubated 15 min after 5 pre-incubation with human liver microsomes (HLMs) *in vitro* for competitive screening. The respective metabolites of the nine substrates and internal standard chlorpropamide (200 ng/mL) were measured by LC-MS/MS system.

Results: CBP showed more potent inhibitory effect on CYP2B6 with IC₅₀ values of 0.014 μ M than sibutramine enantiomers (7.07 μ M for R-form and 2.43 μ M for S-form) based on bupropion-dependent inhibition. However, CBP also potently inhibited other CYPs except CYP3A4. In addition, R-sibutramine less slightly inhibited dextromethorphan-mediated CYP2D6 activities relative to S-sibutramine, and the IC₅₀ value was more than 50 μ M for R-sibutramine and 24.21 μ M for S-sibutramine, respectively.

Conclusion: Based on these data, R-sibutramine was selective and potent inhibitor for CYP2B6 *in vitro* and S-sibutramine potently inhibited CYP2B6 and slight inhibited CYP2D6 when human liver microsomes were used as the enzyme source. Thus, the present findings signified that R-isomer of sibutramine is a potent stereoselective inhibitor of CYP2B6, whereas, inhibition for other CYPs was substantially negligible.

Biography

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