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## Network pharmacology based repurposed drugs combination for orphan diseases treatment

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harcot-Marie-Tooth type 1a is an orphan genetic progressive de/dysmyelinating peripheral neuropathy affecting 125 000 persons vacross US and Europe. Disease, although clinically heterogeneous, impairs and quite often badly disables life of patients who could be wheelchair bound. It is primarily due to Schwann cells PMP22 protein over-expression from gene duplication. PXT 3003 , allow dose combination of 3 drugs including Baclofen, naltrexone and sorbitol, each already approved for other indications, was designed from network pharmacology based screening. Preclinical experiments showed ability to lower of PMP 22 expression, to remyelinate axons and to improve histological, electrophysiological and clinical endpoints in the CMT1A PMP22 transgenic rat model over-expressing PMP22 protein. An exploratory double blind placebo controlled multicenter phase 2 was conducted on 80 mild to moderate adult patients over one year testing 3 different doses of the combination at a given ratio against Placebo. Anticipated safety was confirmed. Eleven endpoints were analyzed, 2 widely used clinical composite Scores such as ONLS (disability) and CMTNS (impairment) and 9 clinical and electrical quantitative measures. The most significant response was obtained with the clinical scores and some relevant electrical measures with a clear global dose effect. Milder patients responded better. Under the highest dose, which was still a 1/10 of usual dose of these drugs, disease state was stabilized in half of the patients when, beyond stabilization, it was improved in the other half of patients. These encouraging results led us to design a pivotal phase 3 to start end of 2015 on 300 mild to moderate adult patients across US and Europe, with ONLS as a primary clinical efficacy endpoint. Highly encouraging preliminary data obtained at the Max Planck Institute in post-natal CMT1A young RAT has also paved the way towards a pediatric trial hoping to prevent symptoms when treating young children early enough. Network pharmacology based strategy can be systematically applied to any rare or common disorders.

## Biography

Daniel Cohen is a former Professor of Medical Genetics in Paris University has authored more than 150 peer reviewed papers in HireWire Journal, including the first integrated map of the Human Genome back in the 90's. While he has discovered or co discovered numerous genes for rare and common diseases, he has also pioneered several key technologies like Large Scale Biology at Genethon. He was the Co-Founder of Millennium Pharmaceuticals in Boston, MA. He is currently the Chairman, CEO and Co-Founder of the France Based company, Pharnext, focusing on treatment of unmet neurodegenerative disorders by using Network Pharmacology.

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