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## Effect of different drying temperatures on the phytochemical potential of pomegranate peel and pomegranate pomace

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A nattempt was made to study the effect of different drying temperatures on the phytochemical potential of pomegranate peel and pomegranate pomace. The peel from these sources were dried in laboratory drier at different temperature i.e., 45° C, 50° C and 60° C respectively and were analyzed for various physicochemical and phytochemical properties. Among the different drying temperature, highest anthocyanin content (67.50 mg/100 g), crude fat (0.45%), phenolic contents (114.18 mg GAE/100 g) and antioxidant activity (69.08%) was observed in pomegranate peel dried at 50° C irrespective to the source of peel. Whereas, ascorbic acid content (7.95 mg/100 g), tannins (291.06 mg TAE/100 g), carbohydrates (80.44%) and energy value (361.93 kcal) was highest in pomegranate peel dried at 45° C irrespective to the source of peel. The effect of drying temperatures on the carotenoids, ash, crude protein content and nitrogen content was non-significant. Among the different sources of peel, highest ascorbic acid (6.20 mg/100 g), carbohydrates (79.75%), crude fat (0.40%), energy value (352.56 kcal), phenolic contents (105.24 mg GAE/100 g) was observed in pomegranate peel powder. Whereas, highest anthocyanin content (64.75 mg/100 g), antioxidant activity (68.99%), tannin content (238.32 mg TAE/100 g) was observed in pomegranate pomace powder irrespective to the drying temperature. The effect of sources of peel was on carotenoids, ash, crude protein, nitrogen content was non-significant. Therefore, it is concluded that on the basis of the physicochemical and phytochemical properties, drying of the peel from different sources at 50° C was best, whereas, among these two sources, results were almost comparable which ensure a better utilization of the waste from pomegranate processing industry for extraction and utilization of the phytochemicals in food industry.

## Biography

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