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Highly selective oxidation of benzyl alcohol to benzaldehyde catalyzed by $Zn-Fe_2O_4@ZnO$ core-shell nanostructures

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In this study, ZnO nanoparticles have been immobilized on the surface of Zn-Fe₂O₄ nanohallow spheres by sol-gel method and the core-shell structure of Zn-Fe₂O₄@ZnOnanohallow spheres were characterization by scanning electron microscopy (SEM), transmission electron microscopy (TEM) and vibration sample magnetometery (VSM). The SEM images reveal formation of sphere structure. The TEM micrographs confirm that the size of catalyst is about 150 nm and the thickness of ZnO shell is smaller than 30 nm. Results of VSM illustrate that Zn-Fe₂O₄@ZnOparticles are superparamagnetic.The catalytic activity ofZn-Fe₂O₄@ZnOnanohallow spheres was investigated for oxidation of benzylic alcohols using H₂O₂ as an oxidant.The resultant Zn-Fe₂O₄@ZnOnanohallow spheres were highly selective for oxidation of benzyl alcohols to corresponding benzaldehydes. It was found that the as-prepared catalyst display the excellent performance, whereby, 100% selectivity ofbenzaldehydewas achieved at close to 92% conversion.

Biography

Rahmatollah Rahimi has completed his PhD at Howard University (USA). He has been now serving as a full Professor in the Department of Chemistry, Iran University of Science and Technology. He has published about 90 papers in reputed journals.

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