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## SEPARATION TECHNIQUES

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## Simultaneous separation of $H_2S$ and $CO_2$ from biogas by gas-liquid membrane contactor using single and mixed absorbents

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In the present work, we studied the simultaneous separation of H<sub>2</sub>S and CO<sub>2</sub> from biogas by gas-liquid membrane contactor using single and mixed absorbents. The synthetic biogas contained 300 to 900 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S, 30% to 50% CO<sup>2</sup> and CH<sub>4</sub>. In order to gain a better understanding on the role of different absorbents on simultaneous separation of H<sub>2</sub>S and CO<sub>2</sub> from biogas, water, monoethanolamine (MEA, primary amine), potassium carbonate (K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, inorganic salt), Potassium hydroxide (KOH, inorganic salt), potassium glycinate (PG, organic salt), potassium sarcosine (PS, organic salt), potassium L-proline (PLP, organic salt) were applied as absorbent solutions. Poly (vinylidene fluoride) (PVDF) hollow fibre membrane was used in the membrane contactor modules. The performances of both single and mixed solutions on H<sub>2</sub>S and CO<sub>2</sub> simultaneous absorption capacity were investigated. In addition, the effects of liquid and gas velocities, absorbent concentration and acid gas content of the feed, pressure, on the absorption performance, overall mass transfer coefficients and selectivity of H<sub>2</sub>S were investigated. The results indicate that the use of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and KOH as absorbents gave highest H<sub>2</sub>S flux, and the highest CO<sub>2</sub> flux was obtained using PG as the absorbent. The use of mixed solutions can simultaneously improve the absorption flux of H<sub>2</sub>S and CO<sub>2</sub>. The results of H<sub>2</sub>S selectivity showed that liquid side resistance is negligible in comparison with membrane and gas side resistances for H<sub>2</sub>S absorption. On the contrary, liquid phase resistance controlled the mass transfer for the mass transfer of CO<sub>2</sub>. For the partially wetted mode, the wetted membrane resistance was insignificant and gas phase resistance controlled the mass transfer.

## **Biography**

Pengrui Jin has completed his Bachelor at the age of 23 years from Chongqing University of technology and he is doing his masters at Chongqing University School of Resources and Environmental Science. He has published two papers in reputed journals.

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