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Effect of dairy products intake and some physical activities in body mass index and bone mineral density: A survey at sohag university

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This study designed to determine the effects of dairy products (milk, yogurt and cheese) intake and some physical activities (walking, running and using elevators) on bone mineral density (BMD) and body mass index (BMI) which are used as indicators of Osteoporosis and Obesity respectively. BMI was calculated by dividing weight (kg) by the square of height (m2) and classified as following: Underweight (< 18.5 BMI), Normal weight (18.5-24.9 BMI), Overweight (25-29.9 BMI) and Obese (30 BMI) considered as Obesity degrees. BMD was measured for the right foot with a pDEXA densitometer with a dualenergy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA) and expressed as a T-score index then divided as following: Normal ($T \ge 1$), Osteopenia (T = 1), Osteopenia (T =

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