

5th International Conference on

Clinical & Experimental Ophthalmology

August 04-06, 2015 Valencia, Spain

Curcumin is a natural angiogenic that inhibits hypoxia-induced VEGF release in retina cells

Dario Vasquez Zuloaga¹, Diaz M I¹, Urzua C A¹, Castiglione E¹, Gonzalez I², Vasquez M A³, Owen G I^{2,3} and Leyton L¹ ¹Universidad de Chile, Chile ²Pontificia Universidad Catolica de Chile, Chile ³Biomedical Research Consortium Chile, Chile

Introduction: The transcriptional factor hypoxia-induced factor-1 (HIF-1) has been implicated in the pathogenesis of choroidal neovascularization through enhanced transcriptional activity of VEGF. Retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) is the main source of VEGF which activates choroidal vascular endothelial (CVE) cells and generates neovessels into the retina leading to irreversible blindness. Curcumin, a natural diphenol displays HIF-1 inhibitory activity in tumor cells. However, its effect on retinal cells exposed to hypoxia has not been previously reported. Hence, we aimed to study curcumin effects on the expression of VEGF by RPE cells.

Material & Methods: RPE (ARPE19) cell lines were challenged with hypoxia $(1\% O_2)$ in a culture chamber and HIF-1 α , VEGF-A165 and VEGF-A189 gene expression were studied. CVE cells (RF6A) were treated with RPE-conditioned medium and migration and angiogenesis were determined by using wound healing and matrigel assays.

Results: Curcumin inhibits hypoxia-driven VEGF up regulation in RPE cells. The conditioned medium of hypoxic RPE-cells increases migration and vascular network formation of retinal vascular cells. Curcumin (20 and 40 μ M) is able to prevent these effects inhibiting the migration of vascular cells.

Discussion: Curcumin prevents hypoxia-mediated increase of VEGF-A gene expression in RPE cells and angiogenesis induced by secreted factors from RPE cells. Further studies with curcumin on retinal cells are needed to establish its potential usefulness as a novel ocular anti-angiogenics molecule.

Biography

Vasquez D H has completed his MD and PhD degree from Chile University and currently has a position as clinical fellow in medical and surgical Retina Fellowship in University of Guadalajara, Mexico. He is a clinical scientist who achieved National Science Committee grant. Recipient of Immunotools Special Research Award in 2013 is currently working in new AMD anti-angiogenic therapies.

daroazul@yahoo.com

Notes: